

MANAGING SENSITIVITY: ANSWERING YOUR FAQ

Q. DO YOU SEE A LOT OF SENSITIVITY AMONG YOUR PATIENTS?

A. We are seeing it more now, partly because people are keeping their teeth longer, so there is a higher incidence of recession, and especially of tooth wear and erosion. Diet also plays a part, as do reflux and certain medications.

Q. WHICH TREATMENTS TEND TO TRIGGER SENSITIVITY?

A. Treatments tend not to cause sensitivity, but they can highlight a problem.

Instrumentation is a common trigger, especially when carrying out mechanical instrumentation subgingivally, which can lead to gingival recession, leaving dentine exposed.

Q. HOW DO YOU OPEN THE DISCUSSION AROUND SENSITIVITY?

A. Patients have different ways of referring to their sensitivity – some say it is painful, others describe the severity of it.

I always ask first if they have sensitivity to hot or cold: if they mainly react to cold, it is more likely to be dentine related; if hot, it's probably nerve related; and if the reaction is to sweet things, it could be caries.

We then look at the possible causes such as diet, oral hygiene and recession.

Q. HOW DO YOU INVESTIGATE AND DIAGNOSE PATIENTS WHO COMPLAIN OF SENSITIVITY?

A. To confirm the diagnosis, we blow air onto areas that could be sensitive, and gauge the patient's response.

Q. HOW DO YOU TRY TO Manage or minimise sensitivity Arising?

A. Either before or after treatment, especially with subgingival instrumentation, I put a small amount of desensitising toothpaste, such as Biomin F, on any exposed dentine, using either an applicator brush or a cotton bud.

If the sensitivity is extreme, I may choose to use a topical anaesthetic during the treatment.

Q. HOW DOES YOUR PRACTICE MANAGE SENSITIVITY AROUND WHITENING?

A. The practice has protocols for the

management of sensitivity during tooth whitening treatments.

There is a good chance they will experience sensitivity during the process, so we aim to manage rather than prevent it.

Before treatment we use a desensitising product, such as Biomin F, and ask the patient to apply it with a finger or their toothbrush.

When carrying out the procedure at home, some patients find sensitivity is alleviated if they put toothpaste in the bleaching trays for 10-30 minutes before or after whitening.

Q. WHAT ADVICE DO YOU GIVE THEM FOR HOME CARE?

- **A.** Once we have established the cause of the sensitivity, I give the patient general advice on:
- Brushing technique. They may be over enthusiastic and causing dentine to be exposed by brushing too hard; we work together to modify their brushing technique
- Diet. I explain about the role of sugary and acidic drinks, acidic fruit, and so on. I work with the patient to consider options in their diet
- Oral hygiene. We discuss the importance of interdental cleaning and removal of plaque, and choosing an appropriate toothpaste to help reduce sensitivity.

I also ask the patient to complete a diet sheet to check diet and highlight areas of concern, and use disclosing tablets a few times a week to check their effectiveness with toothbrushing and interdental cleaning.

Q. WHAT DO YOU RECOMMEND REGARDING TOOTHPASTE?

A. As a practice we tend to choose products that have strong science behind them, and I have been recommending Biomin for patients with dentine hypersensitivity for some time.

We like the science behind the bioactive glass's slow-release mechanism, releasing not only fluoride ions but also the calcium and phosphate that help with the formation of mineral, blocking the dentinal tubules and preventing sensitivity.

Offering a product like Biomin, with both clinical evidence and real user feedback, allows people to enjoy food and daily lifestyle. ©